## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-15 (canceled).

Claim 16 (previously presented): A battery remaining capacity calculating method for calculating a remaining capacity as a capacity of electricity dischargeable by a secondary battery, said battery remaining capacity calculating method comprising: measuring an output voltage value of said secondary battery; dividing a use mode of said secondary battery into a high consumption mode in which the output voltage value is not lower than a threshold value and a low consumption mode in which the output voltage value is lower than the threshold value; calculating a remaining capacity in said low consumption mode on a basis of a predetermined reference voltage curve as a discharge characteristic of said secondary battery and said output voltage value; and calculating a remaining capacity in said high consumption mode supposing that there is minimal change in the remaining capacity at a time of change from said low consumption mode to said high consumption mode.

Claim 17 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating method as claimed in claim 16, further comprising: setting a reference remaining capacity as a remaining capacity before the use mode change and a start voltage as an output voltage at a time of a start of the high consumption mode, wherein a remaining capacity is calculated on a basis of said reference remaining capacity, said start voltage, a predetermined cutoff voltage of said secondary battery, and said output voltage value.

Claim 18 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating method as claimed in claim 17, wherein the remaining capacity Qm in said high consumption mode is calculated by an Qm = Qn - Qn .times. (Vn - Vm) (Vn - Vt) = Qn .function. (Vm - Vt Vn - Vt)

) using the reference remaining capacity Qn, the start voltage Vn, the cutoff voltage Vt, and the output voltage value Vm.

Claim 19 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating method as claimed in claim 16, further comprising: setting a voltage gap as an output voltage change at the time of the use mode change, wherein a remaining capacity is calculated on a basis of said voltage gap and said output voltage value.

Claim 20 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating method as claimed in claim 19, wherein an addition voltage value (Vm+.DELTA.V) is calculated by adding said voltage gap .DELTA.V to said output voltage value Vm, and a remaining capacity at said addition voltage value (Vm+.DELTA.V) on said reference voltage curve is set as the remaining capacity Om in the high consumption mode.

Claim 21 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating method as claimed in claim 16, wherein whether said secondary battery is in said low consumption mode or in said high consumption mode is determined by measuring an output current value of said secondary battery.

Claim 22 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating method as claimed in claim 16, wherein whether said secondary battery is in said low consumption mode or in said high consumption mode is determined by detecting a change in output voltage of said secondary battery.

Claim 23 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating method as claimed in claim 16, wherein whether said secondary battery is in said low consumption mode or in said high consumption mode is determined on a basis of information from an electronic device side to which said secondary battery supplies power.

Claim 24 (previously presented): A battery remaining capacity calculating device for calculating a remaining capacity as a capacity of electricity dischargeable by a secondary battery, said battery remaining capacity calculating device comprising: voltage measuring means for measuring an output voltage value of said secondary battery; and arithmetic means for performing information processing, a reference voltage curve as a discharge characteristic of said secondary battery being recorded in said arithmetic means; said arithmetic means divides a use mode of said secondary battery into a high consumption mode in which the output voltage value is not lower than a threshold value and a low consumption mode in which the output voltage value is lower than the threshold value, said arithmetic means calculates a remaining capacity of said secondary battery in said low consumption mode on a basis of the voltage value measured by said voltage measuring means and said reference voltage curve, and said arithmetic means calculates a remaining capacity in said high consumption mode on a basis of a reference remaining capacity as a remaining capacity before a use mode change, a start voltage as an output voltage at a time of a start of the high consumption mode, a predetermined cutoff voltage of said secondary battery, and said output voltage value.

Claim 25 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating device as claimed in claim 24, wherein said arithmetic means calculates the remaining capacity Qm in said high consumption mode by an equation Qm = Qn - Qn .times. ( Vn - Vm ) ( Vn - Vt ) = Qn .function. ( Vm - Vt Vn - Vt ) using the reference remaining capacity Qn, the start voltage Vn, the cutoff voltage Vt, and the output voltage value Vm.

Claim 26 (previously presented): A battery remaining capacity calculating device for calculating a remaining capacity as a capacity of electricity dischargeable by a secondary battery, said battery remaining capacity calculating device comprising: voltage measuring means for measuring an output voltage value of said secondary battery; and arithmetic means for performing information processing, a reference voltage curve as a discharge characteristic of said secondary battery being recorded in said arithmetic means; wherein said arithmetic means divides a use mode of said secondary battery into a high consumption mode in which the output voltage value is not lower than a threshold value and a low consumption mode in which the

output voltage value is lower than the threshold value, said arithmetic means calculates a remaining capacity of said secondary battery in said low consumption mode on a basis of the voltage value measured by said voltage measuring means and said reference voltage curve, and said arithmetic means calculates a remaining capacity in said high consumption mode on a basis of a voltage gap as an output voltage change at a time of a use mode change and said output voltage value.

Claim 27 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating device as claimed in claim 26, wherein in said high consumption mode, the remaining capacity is calculated on a basis of said reference voltage curve and an addition voltage value (Vm+.DELTA.V) obtained by adding said voltage gap .DELTA.V to said output voltage value Vm.

Claim 28 (previously presented): A battery remaining capacity calculating program for calculating a remaining capacity as a capacity of electricity dischargeable by a secondary battery, said battery remaining capacity calculating program comprising making a processor perform: a voltage measuring step of measuring an output voltage value of said secondary battery; a mode determining step of dividing a use mode of said secondary battery into a high consumption mode in which the output voltage value is not lower than a threshold value and a low consumption mode in which the output voltage value is lower than the threshold value; a low consumption time remaining capacity calculating step of calculating a remaining capacity in said low consumption mode on a basis of a predetermined reference voltage curve as a discharge characteristic of said secondary battery and said output voltage value; and a high consumption time remaining capacity calculating step of calculating a remaining capacity in said high consumption mode supposing that there is little change in the remaining capacity at a time of change from said low consumption mode to said high consumption mode.

Claim 29 (previously presented): The battery remaining capacity calculating program as claimed in claim 28, wherein in said high consumption time remaining capacity calculating step, the remaining capacity is calculated on a basis of a reference remaining capacity as a remaining

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capacity before the use mode change, a start voltage as an output voltage at a time of a start of the high consumption mode, a predetermined cutoff voltage of said secondary battery, and said output voltage value.

Claim 30 (currently amended): The battery remaining capacity calculating program as claimed in claim <u>28</u>, wherein in said high consumption time remaining capacity calculating step, the remaining capacity is calculated on a basis of a voltage gap as an output voltage change at the time of the use mode change and said output voltage value.